



# NEW YORK

## State Report

While education serves many purposes, an academically-prepared workforce is more important than ever before to a state’s (and our nation’s) economy. The level of education demanded by today’s jobs, especially in the growing fields of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM), exceeds the supply of available workers. Attaining postsecondary credentials requires a rigorous K-12 academic foundation.

### THE ECONOMIC IMPERATIVE ..... 2

High school graduation rates are increasing, but a high school diploma does not necessarily signify college and career readiness. Too few students graduate academically prepared for postsecondary success, as demonstrated by performance on college readiness assessments and/or completion of a rigorous core high school curriculum. Worse, indicators of students’ access to and performance in high school courses that would better prepare them for college and career are often not tracked by states.

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Graduates and their families believe that a high school diploma signifies that they have the skills and knowledge necessary to get additional training, join the military, or enroll in entry-level, credit-bearing courses in two- and four-year colleges. Indicators show, however, that many high school graduates are not college or career ready.

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Students begin to fall “off track” well before ninth grade. The National Assessment of Education Progress is the only national, comparable data showing U.S. student performance in 4th and 8th grade prior to entering high school.

### ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE OF ELEMENTARY AND MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENTS ..... 12



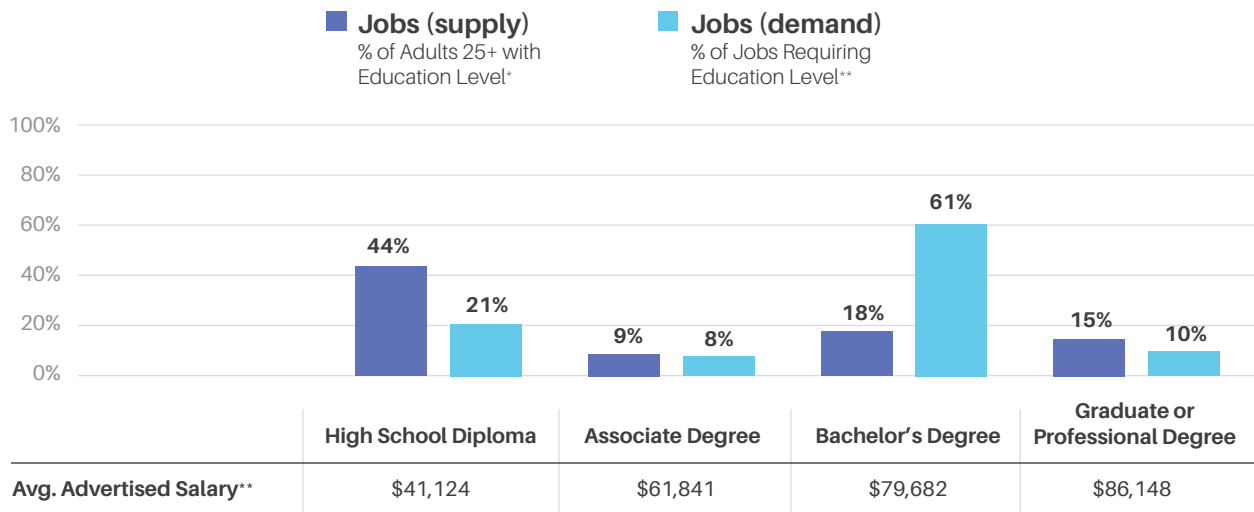
# THE ECONOMIC IMPERATIVE

In today's knowledge-based economy, more jobs than ever require a postsecondary credential. Too often, though, the demand for educated workers outstrips the supply. The increasing demand for science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) jobs may, in part, explain the demand for workers to be more educated than ever before.

The economic indicators below show the importance of an educated workforce and the economic imperative for improving K-12 education so that all students graduate with a high school diploma that prepares them for college, careers, and life.

## SUPPLY VS. DEMAND - DOES NEW YORK HAVE THE EDUCATED WORKFORCE NEEDED FOR TODAY'S JOBS?

As policymakers and leaders work to improve employment prospects for their workforce, it's important to take into account the education required for available jobs. The graph below provides a snapshot comparison of the supply of educated workers and the demand for education credentials within the current job market.



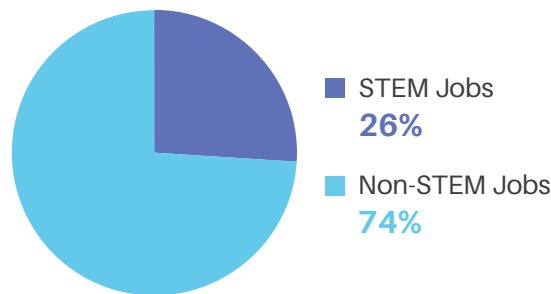
\* 2013 American Community Survey data.

\*\* Burning Glass Technologies job posting data, July 2014–June 2015.

## COMPOSITION OF NEW YORK'S JOB MARKET

Jobs in STEM<sup>1</sup> fields are increasingly important to every state's economy. The graphs below demonstrate that STEM jobs represent a significant portion of the state's current job market, as well as the fact that STEM jobs are more likely than non-STEM jobs to require a bachelor's degree or more.

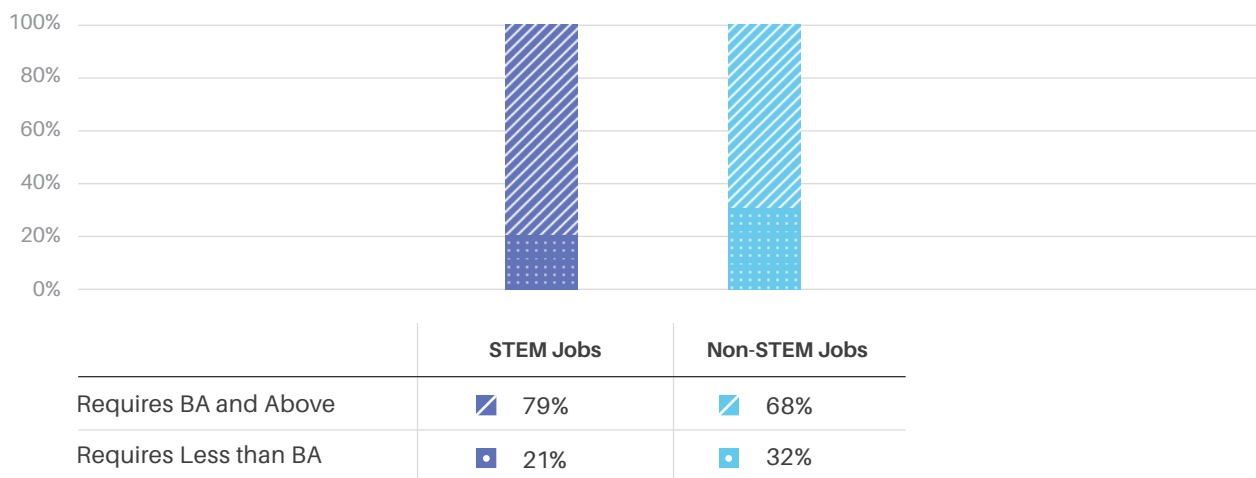
### STEM and Non-STEM Jobs\*



## EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW YORK'S JOBS

As the STEM job market continues to grow, a rigorous K-12 education with a strong academic foundation and experiences that position them for successful transitions to the additional education and training needed for their selected career path.

### STEM and Non-STEM Jobs\*



<sup>1</sup> Definition of STEM jobs: The analysis takes a job seeker- and student-centric approach to defining STEM occupations and defines STEM jobs as those that have substantial mathematics and science requirements included within either the standard course of training or the specific qualifications requested in job postings. As a result, "STEM jobs" includes the following occupational areas: science, information technology, engineering, mathematics, and health care.

This approach contrasts with traditional methodologies, which tend to focus only on jobs that are primarily engaged in scientific, mathematical, or technological activity. Examples of jobs that are included in this analysis that are typically excluded from STEM jobs definitions: clinical health care roles that require job seekers to undertake substantial coursework in the biological sciences and a range of "analyst" jobs (such as logistics analysts and business intelligence analysts) that call for significant mathematics training.

\* Burning Glass Technologies job posting data, July 2014–June 2015.

# COLLEGE- AND CAREER-READY ASSESSMENT SCORE












This indicator reports the percentage of students who score at the college- and career-ready level on high school assessments anchored to college- and career-ready standards. These assessments include a performance level/cut score that provides high school students a clear signal regarding their readiness for first-year mathematics and English courses at postsecondary institutions and is used by colleges and universities for placement into first-year credit-bearing courses.

## ACT PERFORMANCE: PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS MEETING COLLEGE READINESS BENCHMARKS













































ACT reports the percentage of ACT-tested high school graduates meeting ACT's College Readiness Benchmarks for each subject area as well as across the four subject areas. These data reflect the performance of both public and non-public school students. These data are available for some but not all subgroups. All students in the cohort took the test, but ACT's participation rate is based upon projections of graduates made by the Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) in 2012 rather than actual graduates.

### Percentage Meeting All College Readiness Benchmarks in 2015-16

Participation Rate: 29%

All Students		47%
American Indian/Alaska Native		26%
Asian		60%
Black		17%
Hispanic		29%
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander		41%
White		52%
Two or More Races		49%
Low Income		N/R
Students with Disabilities		N/R
Limited English Proficient		N/R

### Percentage Meeting College Readiness Benchmarks in 2015-16 by Subject






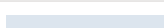

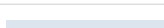




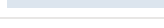


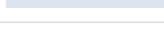






	READING	ENGLISH	MATH	SCIENCE
All Students	 65%	 79%	 67%	 58%
American Indian/Alaska Native	 47%	 62%	 48%	 36%
Asian	 71%	 85%	 85%	 69%
Black	 37%	 53%	 34%	 24%
Hispanic	 51%	 65%	 49%	 39%
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	 58%	 76%	 62%	 54%
White	 70%	 85%	 72%	 64%
Two or More Races	 68%	 80%	 67%	 59%
Low Income	 N/R	 N/R	 N/R	 N/R
Students with Disabilities	 N/R	 N/R	 N/R	 N/R
Limited English Proficient	 N/R	 N/R	 N/R	 N/R

## SAT PERFORMANCE: PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS MEETING COLLEGE READINESS BENCHMARK

The state did not report 2015-16 data on the percentage of students in the cohort taking the SAT and meeting the Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (EBRW) and Mathematics Benchmarks. College Board did not report state data on the percentage of the 2016 graduating cohort meeting the benchmarks due to the March 2016 transition from the old SAT to the redesigned SAT. The College Board advises against comparing SAT results for the class of 2016 to previous graduating cohorts because the total population of students is defined differently.

### Percentage Meeting College Readiness Benchmarks in 2015-16 by Subject

Participation Rate: N/R






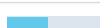

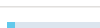

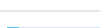



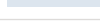

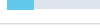






	EBRW	MATH
All Students	 N/R	 N/R
American Indian/Alaska Native	 N/R	 N/R
Asian	 N/R	 N/R
Black	 N/R	 N/R
Hispanic	 N/R	 N/R
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	 N/R	 N/R
White	 N/R	 N/R
Two or More Races	 N/R	 N/R
Low Income	 N/R	 N/R
Students with Disabilities	 N/R	 N/R
Limited English Proficient	 N/R	 N/R

## REGENTS PERFORMANCE: PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS MEETING COLLEGE READINESS BENCHMARKS

New York reports the percentage of test takers scoring at or above 65 and at or above 85 on the Regents Algebra II/Trigonometry and Comprehensive English tests. The percentage of test takers scoring at or above 85 are reported below. These data are also reported by subgroups. Regents exams are administered upon course completion; data are available only for test takers, not the cohort.

### Percentage Meeting College Readiness Benchmarks in 2014-15 by Subject

Participation Rate ELA: N/R, Math: N/R












	ELA	MATH
All Students	 38%	 24%
American Indian/Alaska Native	 27%	 12%
Asian	 46%	 40%
Black	 19%	 7%
Hispanic	 21%	 11%
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	 N/R	 N/R
White	 53%	 26%
Two or More Races	 44%	 30%
Low Income	 23%	 16%
Students with Disabilities	 8%	 9%
Limited English Proficient	 4%	 23%

# STUDENTS ON TRACK TO GRADUATE BASED ON CREDIT ACCUMULATION

Timely credit accumulation is a leading indicator of students' progress toward high school graduation. This indicator shows the percentage of students who are on track to graduate based on the number of credits earned by the end of a particular grade.













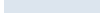









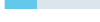

**Percent of grade 9 students on track to graduate**

All Students		N/R
American Indian/Alaska Native		N/R
Asian		N/R
Black		N/R
Hispanic		N/R
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander		N/R
White		N/R
Two or More Races		N/R
Low Income		N/R
Students with Disabilities		N/R
Limited English Proficient		N/R

Students on track to graduate is reported as N/R because either New York does not report the data or the reporting does not meet Achieve's criteria for this indicator.

# ADJUSTED COHORT GRADUATION RATES

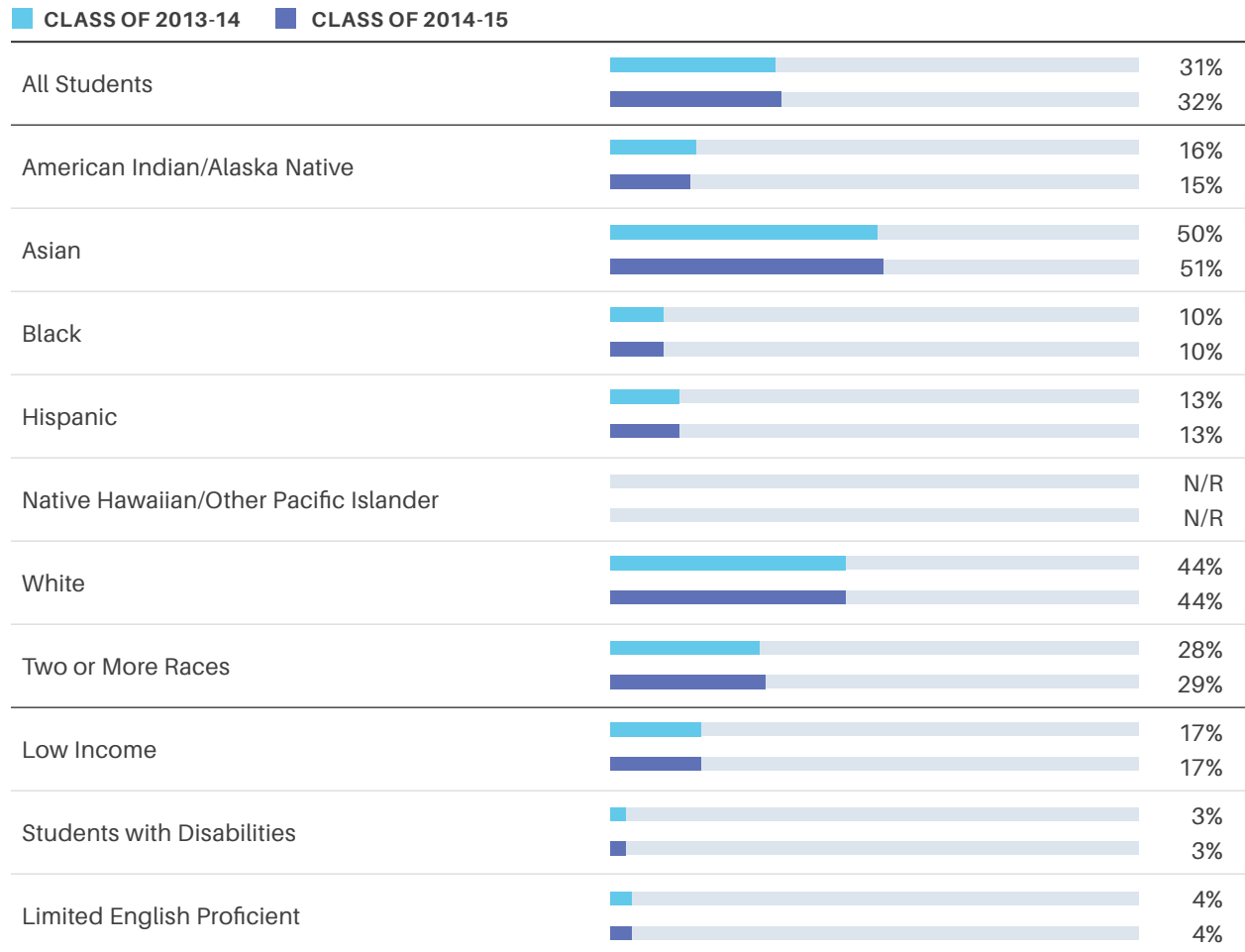
The adjusted cohort graduation rate indicates the percentage of 9th graders who graduate from high school in four years or less with a regular high school diploma. This percentage is calculated by dividing the number of graduating students by the number of students who entered high school four years earlier (adjusting for transfers in and out, émigrés, and deceased students). Five-year graduation rates are also reported where available.

	4-YEAR	5-YEAR	CLASS OF 2013-14	CLASS OF 2014-15
All Students			76%	78%
			82%	N/R
American Indian/Alaska Native			61%	65%
			68%	N/R
Asian			82%	85%
			88%	N/R
Black			62%	65%
			72%	N/R
Hispanic			62%	65%
			71%	N/R
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander			N/R	N/R
			N/R	N/R
White			87%	88%
			90%	N/R
Two or More Races			77%	80%
			81%	N/R
Low Income			67%	70%
			76%	N/R
Students with Disabilities			50%	50%
			58%	N/R
Limited English Proficient			31%	34%
			44%	N/R

New York includes Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander students as part of the Asian subgroup reporting. New York also regularly reports 5-year graduation rates, but due to a lag in reporting, the 5-year graduation rate data for the Class of 2014-15 were not yet available at the time of this report's release.

# COLLEGE- AND CAREER-READY COURSEWORK COMPLETION

Graduation rate alone is often an insufficient indicator of students' readiness for life after high school because the classes and requirements to earn a diploma vary greatly across states. Every state, regardless of its graduation requirements, can and should also publicly report the percentage of the adjusted 9th grade cohort who complete a college- and career-ready course of study while in high school.



New York offers a college- and career-ready course of study to all students in the state and publicly reports the percentage of students who graduate having completed that course of study, including by subgroups. Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander students are included as part of the Asian subgroup reporting.



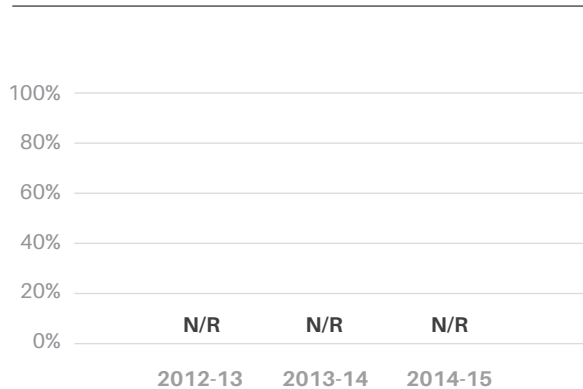
# EARNING COLLEGE CREDITS WHILE IN HIGH SCHOOL

Students who earn college credits while in high school are more likely to enter college and succeed. This indicator reports the percentage of students that meet this benchmark.

## PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS EARNING A 3+ ON AN AP EXAM

The percentage of the cohort scoring a 3+ on an Advanced Placement (AP) exam before graduation is reported as N/R because either New York does not report the data or the reporting does not meet Achieve’s criteria for this indicator.

### Trend Over Time



All Students	N/R
American Indian/Alaska Native	N/R
Asian	N/R
Black	N/R
Hispanic	N/R
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	N/R
White	N/R
Two or More Races	N/R
Low Income	N/R
Students with Disabilities	N/R
Limited English Proficient	N/R

## PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS WHO HAVE COMPLETED COURSES FOR COLLEGE CREDIT

The percentage of the cohort earning a 4+ on an International Baccalaureate (IB) exam, successfully completing a dual enrollment course, and/or meeting a combined measure of earning college credit is reported as N/R because either New York does not report the data or the reporting does not meet Achieve’s criteria for these indicators.



Completed IB/Earned College Credit



Completed Dual Enrollment Courses for College Credit

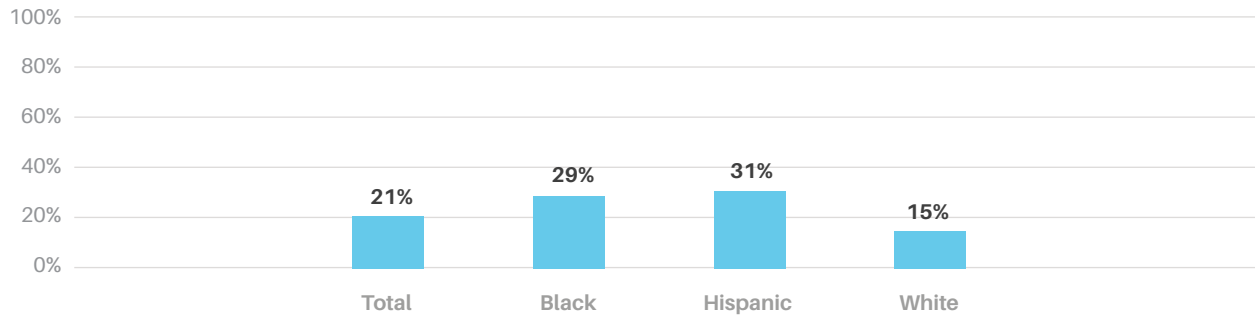


Met AP, IB, Dual Enrollment or Career-Technical Indicator

## PREPAREDNESS FOR THE MILITARY

This indicator examines data from the U.S. Armed Forces enlistment examination and reveals the percentage of students who seek to enter the military but are not eligible to enter or are not prepared for higher-level education, training, and advancement opportunities offered by the U.S. Armed Forces.

### Percentage Ineligible



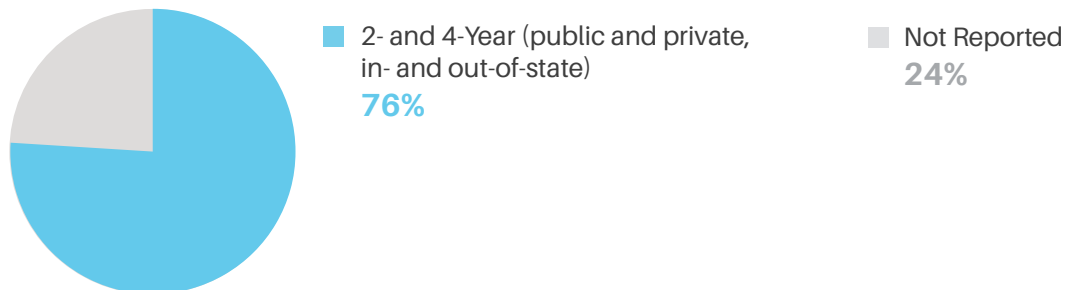
## POSTSECONDARY ENROLLMENT

Enrollment in a postsecondary institution is the first step to degree attainment. This indicator reports the percentage of the state’s high school graduates who enter into postsecondary education. The extent of information reported varies based on whether data are available for in-state and out-of-state students along with whether data are available for two-year institutions, four-year institutions, or both.

### PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS ENROLLING IN POSTSECONDARY

New York reports the percentage of high school graduates enrolling in two- and four-year, in- and out-of-state, public and private institutions of higher education within one year of graduation. Data have not been updated since last year’s report.

### High School Graduates, Class of 2012



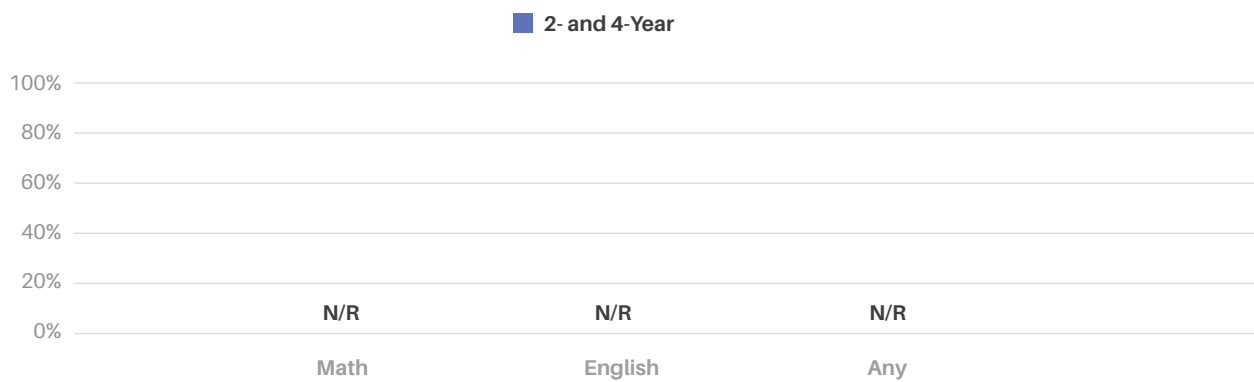
## POSTSECONDARY REMEDIATION

Alarming numbers of students enter postsecondary institutions only to find out they need to enroll in — and pay for — remedial courses without earning college credit for these classes. This indicator reports the percentage of high school graduates who require postsecondary remediation.

### PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS IN REMEDIATION

For 2013-14, New York reports the percentage of first-time, full-time students enrolled at the state’s 2- and 4-year institutions who enroll in remedial courses. The state does not report data on math and English remediation needs and does not specify how many of the state’s high school graduates required remediation. Data have not been updated since last year’s report.

#### Remediation by Institution Type and Subject Area



## POSTSECONDARY PERSISTENCE

Too few students who start college ultimately earn a degree. This indicator reports the percentage of the state’s high school graduates who enroll in a postsecondary institution and complete at least one year of postsecondary education in a designated amount of time or return to postsecondary education for a consecutive year.

### PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS PERSISTING BEYOND THE FIRST YEAR

Postsecondary persistence is reported as N/R because either New York does not report the data or the reporting does not meet Achieve’s criteria for this indicator.

#### High School Graduates



# ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE OF ELEMENTARY AND MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENTS

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) monitors student achievement nationally and allows for comparisons across states. This indicator includes 4th and 8th grade reading and math results and 8th grade science results. Scale scores were rounded to the nearest whole number. Changes since 2005 were calculated based on differences between unrounded scale scores and then rounded to the nearest whole number.

## GRADE 4

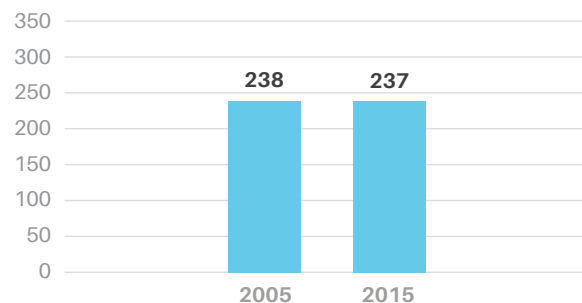
### Percentage of Students Meeting Proficient or Advanced Benchmarks

	MATH - 2015	READING - 2015
All Students	35%	36%
American Indian/Alaska Native	N/R	N/R
Asian	59%	51%
Black	14%	18%
Hispanic	21%	19%
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	N/R	N/R
White	47%	49%
Two or More Races	N/R	N/R
National School Lunch Program Eligible	23%	21%

### Average Scale Score Changes - Math

#### Scale Score Change from 2005-2015

Change since 2005: ▼ 1



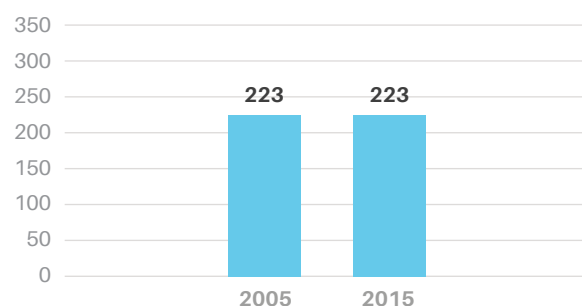
#### Change in Gaps: 2005-2015

Black-White	▼ 1
Hispanic-White	▼ 4
National School Lunch Program Eligible-Ineligible Students	▼ 1

### Average Scale Score Changes - Reading

#### Scale Score Change from 2005-2015

Change since 2005: ▲ No Change



#### Change in Gaps: 2005-2015

Black-White	▲ 2
Hispanic-White	▲ 1
National School Lunch Program Eligible-Ineligible Students	▲ 3

## GRADE 8

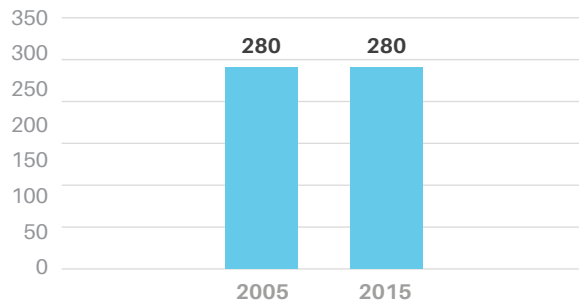
### Percentage of Students Meeting Proficient or Advanced Benchmarks

	MATH - 2015	READING - 2015	SCIENCE - 2015
All Students	31%	33%	30%
American Indian/Alaska Native	N/R	N/R	N/R
Asian	52%	42%	39%
Black	15%	17%	9%
Hispanic	19%	22%	13%
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	N/R	N/R	N/R
White	40%	43%	45%
Two or More Races	N/R	N/R	N/R
National School Lunch Program Eligible	21%	22%	17%

### Average Scale Score Changes - Math

#### Scale Score Change from 2005-2015

Change since 2005: No Change



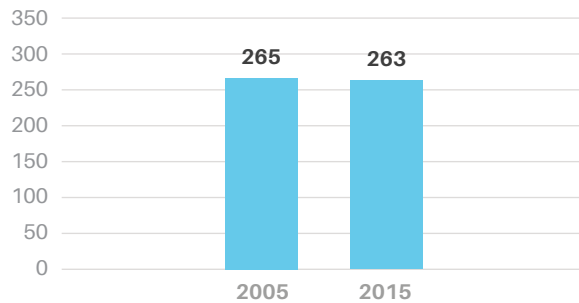
#### Change in Gaps: 2005-2015

Black-White	▼ 6
Hispanic-White	▼ 7
National School Lunch Program Eligible-Ineligible Students	▼ 3

### Average Scale Score Changes - Reading

#### Scale Score Change from 2005-2015

Change since 2005: ▼ 2



#### Change in Gaps: 2005-2015

Black-White	▼ 9
Hispanic-White	▼ 7
National School Lunch Program Eligible-Ineligible Students	▼ 2

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## DATA SOURCES

### METHODOLOGY

[www.achieve.org/state-profiles](http://www.achieve.org/state-profiles)

### NATIONAL AND INDIVIDUAL STATE REPORTS

[www.achieve.org/state-profiles](http://www.achieve.org/state-profiles)

### CCR PERFORMANCE ON AN ASSESSMENT - ACT

<http://www.act.org/content/act/en/research/condition-of-college-and-career-readiness-2016.html>

### CCR PERFORMANCE ON AN ASSESSMENT - SAT

<https://www.collegeboard.org/program-results/consolidated-news-reports>

### CCR PERFORMANCE ON AN ASSESSMENT - REGENTS

<http://data.nysed.gov/reportcard.php?instid=800000081568&year=2015&createreport=1&regents=1>

### COHORT GRADUATION RATE

<http://data.nysed.gov/gradrate.php?year=2015&state=yes>

### CCR GRADUATION RATE

<http://data.nysed.gov/gradrate.php?year=2015&state=yes>

### PREPAREDNESS FOR THE MILITARY

[http://edtrust.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/ASVAB\\_4.pdf](http://edtrust.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/ASVAB_4.pdf)

### POSTSECONDARY ENROLLMENT

<http://www.p12.nysed.gov/irs/pressRelease/20141117/home.html>

### POSTSECONDARY REMEDIATION

<http://eservices.nysed.gov/orisre/NYStotalParams.jsp>