

Arkansas' College- and Career-Ready Commitment

The Economic Imperative

Today, nearly every good job requires some postsecondary education and/or training (e.g., an associate's or bachelor's degree, certificate, or apprenticeship or significant on-the-job training). All students need to be academically prepared to compete for good jobs in the global economy.

In 1950, 60% of jobs were classified as unskilled, attainable by young people with high school diplomas or less. Today, less than 20% jobs are considered to be unskilled.ⁱ

- **81%** of Arkansas' jobs are middle or high skills (jobs that require some postsecondary education or training).
- **Yet only 30%** of Arkansas' adults have some postsecondary degree (associate's or higher).ⁱⁱ

More education is associated with higher earnings and higher rates of employment in Arkansas.ⁱⁱⁱ

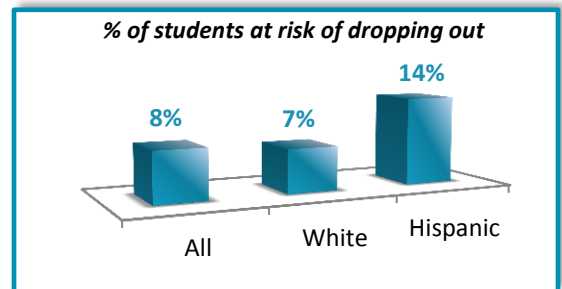
Mean Income	Education Level	Unemployment
\$9,491	HS Dropout	20%
\$23,604	HS Graduate	11%
\$28,617	Some College	7%
\$46,905	Bachelors & Above	6%

The Equity Imperative

Far too many students drop out or graduate from high school unprepared for success, closing doors and limiting their options and opportunities – in particular minority and low-income students.

Arkansas' achievement gaps begin in the earliest grades and extend through college enrollment and admissions.^{iv}

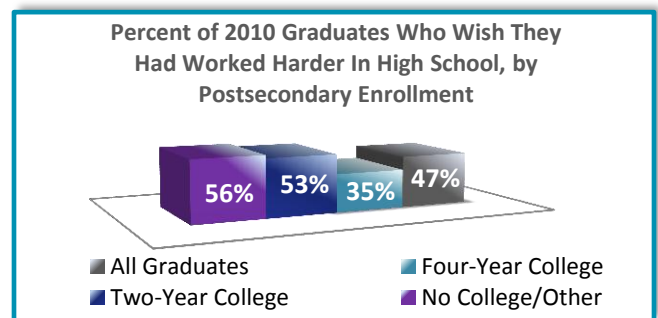
	All	White	Black	Hispanic	Low SES
4 th Grade Math Proficiency	37%	45%	16%	28%	26%
8 th Grade Reading Proficiency ^v	28%	35%	9%	21%	18%
HS Graduation Rate ^{vi}	71%	73%	60%	65%	N/A
College Completion Rate ^{vii}	43%	46%	30%	39%	N/A



The Expectations Gap

The bar has been set too low for too long, keeping students from reaching their full potential. If we want students to achieve more, we need to expect more.

- **72%** of Arkansas students in two-year colleges and **39%** of students in four-year colleges require remediation.^{viii}
- Less than half (**43%**) of students who enter public colleges in Arkansas earn their degrees.
- **34%** of employers deem the preparation of newly hired employees with only a high school diploma as “deficient,” (and only 16% find their preparation “excellent.”)^{ix}
- **49%** of employers surveyed noted they anticipate requiring higher levels of education for most jobs – and another **60%** noted more specific technical skills will be required – in the next 3-5 years.^x



All too often, students regret not working harder once they leave high school.^{xi}

Arkansas' College- and Career-Ready Commitment

The College- and Career-Ready Agenda

Over the past five years, states have driven the college- and career-ready agenda – a policy agenda that seeks to ensure all students graduate high school, and graduate ready for their next steps.

Arkansas is among the states that have made college and career readiness a priority for all students.^{xii}

- In 2006, Arkansas adopted academic standards aligned with college- and career-ready expectations. In July 2010 Arkansas adopted the Common Core State Standards.
- Arkansas is a Lead State Partner in the development of the Next Generation Science Standards.
- For the class of 2010 and all subsequent classes, students in Arkansas were required to meet college- and career-ready expectations to graduate.

Arkansas is one of only 24 states (including DC) with requirements at this level.

- Arkansas is a Governing State in the Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC), a consortium of states working to develop a common assessment system using Race to the Top Common Assessment funds.
- Arkansas has met nine of the ten State Actions identified by the Data Quality Campaign, providing a foundation for strong and sound student-level data collection and use.

Arkansas is one of only 26 states with a longitudinal P-20 data system that regularly matches student-level K-12 and postsecondary data.

- Arkansas tracks all only one indicator of college and career readiness and will need to expand its use of indicators to get a more complete picture of how their students are faring in K-12 and beyond.

College- and Career-Ready Indicator	Publicly Reported	State Set Goal	Incentive to Improve	Accountability Formula
CCR Diploma		YES		
CCR Assessment				
Postsecondary Remediation				
Exceeding CCR				

How Arkansas Can Further Advance the College- and Career-Ready Agenda

- ✓ ...Fully realize the promise of the college- and career-ready standards by implementing them fully and successfully, taking into account the related curricular, professional development, and policy changes.
- ✓ ...Closely monitor which students are completing the college- and career-ready curriculum, and which are opting out.
- ✓ ...Remain committed to the goals of PARCC and developing and administering a next-generation, computer-based assessment system anchored by college- and career-ready tests in high school that will let students know if they are ready for college-level coursework and measure the full range of the Common Core State Standards.
- ✓ ...Continue to make progress on the state's data collection efforts, particularly around making student data available to relevant stakeholders.
- ✓ ...Focus efforts around increasing the state's graduation rate (and decreasing the dropout rate) through student programs and partnerships with higher education.

ⁱ Carnevale, Anthony P. and Donna Desrochers (2003). *Standards for What? The Economic Roots of K-12 Reform*, Education Testing Services. www.learnndoeearn.org/For-Educators/Standards-for-What.pdf

ⁱⁱ Skills to Compete <http://www.skills2compete.org>

ⁱⁱⁱ U.S. Census Bureau (2011). *Current Population Survey*. Figures are based on the total persons in the civilian labor force.

www.census.gov/hhes/www/cpctc/cps_table_creator.html

^{iv} Annie E. Casey Foundation. Kids Count Data Center. 2010,

<http://datacenter.kidscount.org/data/acrossstates/Rankings.aspx>

^v Analysis of NAEP data downloaded from nationsreportcard.gov

^{vi} Education Week (2009). *Graduation in the United States*.

www.edweek.org/ew/toc/2012/06/07/

^{vii} NCES. *IPEDS Graduation Rate Survey*, analyzed by National Center for Management of Higher Education Systems.

^{viii} www.adhe.edu/SiteCollectionDocuments/Comprehensive%20Report/14%20-%20Remed_Report-FINAL.pdf

^{ix} Corporate Voices for Working Families & Civic Enterprises (2011). *Across the Great Divide: Perspectives of CEOs and College Presidents on America's Higher Education & Skills Gap*. www.civicenterprises.net/pdfs/across-the-great-divide.pdf

^x Achieve/SHRM

^{xi} College Board (2011). *One Year Out: Findings From A National Survey Among Members Of The High School Graduating Class Of 2010*.

www.collegeboard.org/OneYearOut

^{xiii} Achieve (2012). *Closing the Expectations Gap 2011: 50-State Progress Report on the Alignment of High School Policies with the Demands of College and Careers*.