## 2016-17 State High School Mathematics Assessments

Achieve collected from publicly available sources (e.g., state education agency websites) which mathematics assessments states are/will administer statewide in high school in 2016-17.

What changes did states make to mathematics assessments in 2016-17?
Six states (AK, CO, IL, MT, NE, and OK) are administering a new mathematics assessment this year. Of these, two states, Colorado and Illinois have selected the redesigned SAT as their statewide assessment, and two others, Montana and Nebraska will be administering the ACT. Alaska and Oklahoma are administering new statedeveloped assessments this spring.

## Which assessments are students taking in 2016-17?

Twenty-seven states administer either the ACT or the SAT in high school. Nearly half of the states (24) are administering a state-developed assessment in math, and fifteen states employ an assessment developed by the Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC) or Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium.

- Seventeen states will administer the ACT to all high school students this spring. Of these, $\mathbf{4}$ states (MT, NE, WI, WY) use the ACT as their only math exam. All others administer the ACT in addition to another statewide test. Ohio provides students the option of taking either the ACT or the SAT. Ohio requires that all students take a college entrance exam in high school, and districts have the option of administering either the ACT or the SAT.
- Nine states (CA, HI, ID, ND, OR, SD, VT, WA, WV) will assess students in math using the Smarter Balanced, while six states (CO, DC, MD, NJ, NM, and RI) will administer a PARCC assessment in math.
- Eight states assess high school students in math using the redesigned SAT. Of these, 7 states, (CO, CT, DE, IL, ME, MI, and NH) use the SAT as their only math assessment. Colorado and Illinois will be administering the SAT for the first time in 2016-17. Rhode Island has made the SAT an optional assessment available to all students.


## When do students take these assessments?

Thirty-eight states administer a comprehensive (i.e., end of grade) assessment (or assessments) that is administered to all students in a cohort at the same time regardless of the courses the student has taken in high school. Thirty states administer a comprehensive assessment in $11^{\text {th }}$ grade and five states do so in the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade. Twenty-four states use an end-of-course (EOC) assessment (or assessments) that students take upon completion of the requisite coursework regardless of what grade they are in. Eleven states administered both an EOC and a comprehensive assessment in math in high school.

Do students have to pass these assessments to graduate?
For the graduating class of 2017, there are 19 states that have student stake tied to an assessment - 6 states factor student scores into course grades and in 13 states students must pass an assessment to graduate. Thirtytwo states have no assessment stakes for students in the class of 2017.

A few considerations to keep in mind when reviewing this table:

- As states phase in new assessments, some are introducing the assessments by cohort, e.g., the class of 2017 (the more common approach for comprehensive assessments), and others are introducing the assessments by school year, e.g., students who take an Algebra I course in 2016-17 take the Algebra I assessment, regardless of what year they will graduate (the more common approach for end-of- course assessments).
- In states that administer EOC assessments, the expectation is that a student will take the EOC assessment when the student completes the course. In other words, students take the appropriate EOCs for the ELA and mathematics courses in which the student is enrolled. In states where assessments are classified as "only students who elect to take the course," the course itself is not a graduation requirement, but the state administers a statewide assessment for students who elect to enroll in the course.
- Regarding student stakes, states have different policies for how much such tests matter for students or whether there are stakes attached. Most commonly, students are either required to achieve a passing score on an assessment or suite of assessments to graduate or the assessment results are factored into a student's course grade. Almost all states that require students to achieve a passing score to graduate offer students alternate routes to meeting the requirement if they are unable to meet the passing score on the assessments.

|  | 2016-17 High School Math Assessments | Grade taken | Which students take the assessment | Student stakes (Factors into course grades OR students must pass assessment to graduate) | Change from 2015-16 to 2016-17 | Additional Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AL | ACT QualityCore Algebra I EOC | EOC | Optional Assessment | No | No | Assessment Administration: This is the last year of administration for QualityCore EOCs. ACT has made the decision to retire ACT QualityCore end-of-course assessments at the end of the 2016-2017 school year. |
|  | ACT plus Writing | Grade 11 | All students | No | No |  |
| AK | Performance Evaluation for Alaska's Schools (PEAKS) | Grades 9 and 10 | All students | No | Yes | Assessment Administration: The law that made taking the SAT, ACT, or WorkKeys a requirement for receiving a high school diploma expired June 30, 2016. Source |
| AZ | AzMERIT EOC in Algebra 1 | EOC | All students | No | No |  |
|  | AZMERIT EOC in Geometry | EOC | All students | No | No |  |
|  | AzMERIT EOC in Algebra 2 | EOC | All students* | Only students who elect to take the course | No |  |
| AR | ACT Aspire Early High School | Grades 9 and 10 | All students | No | No |  |
|  | ACT | Grade 11 | Optional Assessment | No | No |  |
| CA | California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress (CASPP) Smarter Balanced (Mathematics) | Grade 11 | All students | No | No |  |
| CO | PSAT | Grade 10 | All students | No | No | Assessment administration: SAT becomes the 11th grade assessment in 2016-17. Students take the PARCC assessment aligned with the mathematics course they take in Grade 9. |
|  | PARCC Algebra I/Integrated I EOC | Grade 9 | Students who have completed the course | No | No |  |
|  | PARCC Geometry/Integrated Mathematics II EOC | Grade 9 | Students who have completed the course |  |  |  |
|  | PARCC Algebra II/Integrated Mathematics III EOC | Grade 9 | Students who have completed the course |  |  |  |
|  | SAT | Grade 11 | All students | No | Yes |  |
| CT | SAT | Grade 11 | All students | No | No |  |
| DC | PARCC Algebra I/Integrated I | EOC | Local Option | No | No |  |
|  | PARCC Geometry/Integrated | EOC | All Students | No | No |  |
|  | PARCC Algebra II/Integrated | EOC | Local Option | No | No |  |
| DE | Algebra II/Integrated Math III EOC | EOC | Local Option | No |  |  |




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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ACT WorkKeys | Grade 11 | Primarily for students in grade 11 who are on track for a Jump Start Diploma | No | No | - Algebra I or Geometry, English II or English III, and Biology or U.S. History. Source |
| ME | SAT | Grade 11 | All students | No | No |  |
| MD | PARCC Algebra I EOC | EOC | All students | Passing score required to graduate beginning with class of 2017 | No | Student stakes: In April 2016, the SBOE voted to phase in new high stakes graduation requirements. Under the proposal, the class of 2017 would have to earn a passing score (level 3 ) to graduate. The minimum score required to graduate would increase every year, leveling off at a level 4 for the class of 2020. This proposal will be open for public comment prior to final approval. Source |
|  | PARCC Geometry EOC | EOC | Only students who elect to | No | Yes |  |
|  | PARCC Algebra II EOC | EOC | Only students who elect to take the course | No | No |  |
| MA | Massachusetts Comprehensive Assessment System (MCAS) - Math | Grade 10 | All students | Passing score required to graduate | No | Student stakes: All Massachusetts high school students through at least the class of 2019 must continue to pass the grade 10 high school MCAS tests in ELA and Mathematics to satisfy the state graduation requirement. |
| MI | Michigan Merit Exam (MME) (SAT with Essay, ACT WorkKeys) | Grade 11 | All students | No | No | Assessment administration: The Michigan Merit Examination (Grade 11) is comprised of the SAT with Essay, ACT WorkKeys, and M-STEP summative assessments science and social studies. Source <br> MME (specifically SAT in ELA and math) replaces Smarter Balanced. |
|  | PSAT (PreSAT) | Grades 9 and 10 | All students | No | No |  |
| MN | Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments (MCA) math | Grade 11 | All students | No | No |  |
| MS | Mississippi Assessment Program (MAP) - Algebra I | EOC | All students | Yes | No | Student Stakes: Starting in the 2016-2017 school year, SATP scores will constitute 25 percent of a student's final grade in the applicable course. Source |
|  | ACT | Grade 11 | All students | No | No |  |
| MO | Algebra I EOC | EOC | All students | No | No | Assessment administration: For students who complete the Algebra I EOC assessment prior to high school, Algebra II is the required high school mathematics assessment for accountability purposes. |
|  | Geometry EOC | EOC | Local Option | No | No |  |
|  | Algebra II EOC | EOC | Local Option | No | No |  |
|  | ACT | Grade 11 | All students | No | No |  |
| MT | ACT | Grade 11 | All students | No | Yes | Assessment Administration: ACT becomes the new high school assessment in 2016-17. |
| NE | Nebraska State Accountability Tests (NeSA) Mathematics (ACT) | Grade 11 | All students | No | Yes | Assessment Administration: ACT becomes the new assessment for Grade 11. |



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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Regents Geometry Exam (Common Core) | EOC | See note | See note | No | For mathematics, any student who in the 2013-14 school year or thereafter, regardless of grade of enrollment, begins his or her first commencement-level math course culminating in a Regents Exam in June 2014 or thereafter must take the New York State CCLS mathematics Regents Exam that corresponds to that course, as available, and be provided with Common Core instruction. Most typically, this first course will be Algebra I (Common Core). Those students who began or will complete an Integrated Algebra, Geometry, or Algebra 2/Trigonometry course prior to the 2013-14 school year must take the corresponding Regents Exams aligned to the Mathematics Core Curriculum (Revised 2005), while those examinations are still being offered. <br> Student stakes: For students who entered grade 9 in 2011 or thereafter, all students must take and pass five Regents exams in ELA, math, social studies, and science. |
|  | Regents Algebra <br> II/Trigonometry (2005 <br> standards) | EOC | See note | See note | No |  |
| NC | North Carolina READY CCSSaligned EOC in Math I | EOC | All students | Score factored into course grade | No |  |
|  | PreACT | Grade 10 | All students | No | Yes |  |
|  | ACT | Grade 11 | All students | No | No |  |
|  | ACT WorkKeys | Grade 11 | Seniors who are Career and Technical Education (CTE) concentrators |  |  |  |
| ND | North Dakota State Assessment (NDSA) Smarter Balanced (Mathematics) | Grade 11 | All students | No | No | Assessment Administration: All students must take either the ACT or ACT WorkKeys prior to graduation. |
|  | ACT/WorkKeys | Grade 11 | All students | No | No |  |
| OH | Algebra I/Integrated Mathematics I | EOC | All students | See note | No | Student stakes: Beginning with the Class of 2018, students in Ohio earn points toward graduation on seven end-of-course exams: English I and II, Algebra I/Integrated Math I, Geometry/Integrated Math II, physical science, American history and American government. With few exceptions, students must accumulate a minimum number of points from scores on their end of course exams to become eligible for a diploma. Source. |
|  | Geometry/Integrated Mathematics II | EOC | All students | See note | Yes |  |



 ongoing basis as states' assessments and related policies evolve.
*All students in these states are automatically enrolled in a math course sequence that includes Algebra II, but with parental permission a student may modify (i.e., lessen) the Algebra II/Integrated Math III requirement or its equivalent course content or opt into another state diploma that includes a different set of course requirements that does not include Algebra II/ Integrated Math III. Students in these states who modify the math requirement will not be assessed using the Algebra II/Integrated Math III EOC (if one exists in the state)

