Today, nearly every good job requires some postsecondary education and/or training (e.g., an associate’s or bachelor’s degree, certificate, or apprenticeship or significant on-the-job training). All students need to be academically prepared to compete for good jobs in the global economy.

In 1950, 60% of jobs were classified as unskilled, attainable by young people with high school diplomas or less. Today, less than 20% jobs are considered to be unskilled.1

- 80% of Louisiana’s jobs are middle or high skills (i.e., require some postsecondary education or training).
- Yet only 28% of Louisiana’s adults have some postsecondary degree (associate’s or higher).2

More education is associated with higher earnings and higher rates of employment in Louisiana.3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mean Income</th>
<th>Education Level</th>
<th>Unemployment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$10,448</td>
<td>HS Dropout</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$23,046</td>
<td>HS Graduate</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$26,853</td>
<td>Some College</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$52,120</td>
<td>Bachelors &amp; Above</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Equity Imperative

Far too many students drop out or graduate from high school unprepared for success, closing doors and limiting their options and opportunities – in particular minority and low-income students.

Louisiana’s achievement gaps begin in the earliest grades and extend through college enrollment and admissions.4

The Expectations Gap

The bar has been set too low for too long, keeping students from reaching their full potential. If we want students to achieve more, we need to expect more.

- 71% of Louisiana’s students in two-year colleges and 38% of Louisiana’s students in four-year colleges require remediation.5
- Fewer than half of (42%) of students who enter public colleges in Louisiana earn their degrees.
- 34% of employers deem the preparation of newly hired employees with only a high school diploma as “deficient,” (and only 16% find their preparation “excellent.”) 6
- 49% of employers surveyed noted they anticipate requiring higher levels of education for most jobs – and another 60% noted more specific technical skills will be required – in the next 3-5 years.7

All too often, students regret not working harder once they leave high school.8

Achieve

www.achieve.org/Louisiana
Louisiana’s College- and Career-Ready Commitment

The College- and Career-Ready Agenda

Over the past five years, states have driven the college- and career-ready agenda—a policy agenda that seeks to ensure all students graduate high school, and graduate ready for their next steps.

Louisiana is among the states that have made college and career readiness a priority for all students. xi

- In 2006, Louisiana adopted PK-12 academic standards aligned with college- and career-ready expectations.
- Louisiana adopted the Common Core State Standards in July 2010.
- Louisiana administers the ACT to all 11th-grade students as part of its assessment system.

Louisiana is one of only 18 states with high school tests used by higher education for placement decisions letting students know if they are ready for college-level coursework while still in high school to give them time to address any readiness gaps

- Louisiana is a governing state in the Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC), a group of states working to develop a common assessment system using Race to the Top Common Assessment funds.
- Louisiana has met six of the ten State Actions identified by the Data Quality Campaign, providing a foundation for strong and sound student-level data collection and use.

Louisiana is one of 26 states with a P-20 longitudinal data system that regularly matches student-level K-12 and postsecondary data

- Louisiana tracks and uses all four indicators of college and career readiness, and partially has a reporting and accountability system that values college and career readiness for all students.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>College- and Career-Ready Indicator</th>
<th>Publicly Reported</th>
<th>State Set Goal</th>
<th>Incentive to Improve</th>
<th>Accountability Formula</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CCR Diploma</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCR Assessment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postsecondary Remediation</td>
<td>YES</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exceeding CCR</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How Louisiana Can Further Advance the College- and Career-Ready Agenda

✓ …Fully realize the promise of the Common Core State Standards by implementing them fully and successfully, taking into account the related curricular, professional development, and policy changes.

✓ …Adopt college- and career-ready graduation requirements, aligned to the Common Core State Standards, to ensure all students are prepared, and eligible, for entry into college and skilled careers.

✓ …Remain committed to the goals of PARCC and developing and administering a next-generation, computer-based assessment system anchored by college- and career-ready tests in high school that will let students know if they are ready for college-level coursework and measure the full range of the CCSS.

✓ …Continue to make progress on the state’s data collection efforts, particularly around making data available to relevant stakeholders, such as teachers, parents and counselors.

✓ …Re-examine the state’s K-12 accountability system to determine how it can further reward measures of college and career readiness.

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2 Skills to Compete http://www.skills2compete.org
5 Analysis of NAEP data downloaded from nationsreportcard.gov
8 Analysis of NAEP data downloaded from nationsreportcard.gov
10 Achieve/SHRM